

THE KENTUCKY TRIBUNE.

JNO. F. ZIMMERMAN & SON,

\$2.00 PER ANNUM.

VOL. IX--NO. 15.

{ A WHIG CHRONICLER OF THE TIMES, THE PEOPLE, AND THE COUNTRY. }

{ "We shall always be Victorious when we all pull together!" }

DANVILLE, KY., FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 21, 1851.

PUBLISHERS.

IN ADVANCE.

WHOLE NO. 432.

THE KENTUCKY TRIBUNE

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING, BY
JNO. F. ZIMMERMAN & SON,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE.—Third Street, north of Main.

TERMS OF THE PAPER.

SUBSCRIPTION.—\$2.00 if paid in advance;
\$2.50 at the end of six months; or \$3.00 if
payment be delayed until the close of the year.
If any persons procuring the FIVE subscribers
and remitting us \$10, will receive a copy
of the year gratis.
If all letters and communications addressed
through the post office, must be post-paid; or
they will not be taken at the office.

ADVERTISING.

For each square of 12 lines or less, first inser-
tion, \$1.00
Each additional insertion, 25
For 12 lines, or less, for 3 months, 4.00
For 12 lines, or less, for 6 months, 7.50
For 12 lines, or less, for 12 months, 12.00
One column for 12 months, 50.00
Half a column for 12 months, or a column for
6 months, 35.00
Quarter of a column for 12 months, or a column
for 3 months, 25.00

POET'S CORNER.



From the Louisville Journal.

TAREWELL.

Tarewell! Oh! there aught on earth
So mournful as that word,
When amid scenes of light, and mirth,
And music, it is heard?
Whispered by one we love too well,
And may not meet for years,
When smiles upon the lip must dwell,
While the heart is full of tears.
Tarewell, farewell! ah, breathe it not
Within the banquet hall,
But in some quiet, lonely spot,
Where the spirit knows no thrall.
Where every feeling of the soul
On love's light wing springs free,
And the heart may weep without control,
There, let our parting be.
As music of the restless deep,
Within some ocean cave,
Where the soft sighs never sleep,
That mock each sighing slave,
In memory's enchanted cell,
Shall linger every tone,
Each whispered word of thy farewell,
Be cherished, there alone!
And from the cavern's sparkling wall
Bright drops forever spring,
That mingle in their ceaseless fall,
And into crystal clear.
Thus, word, and look, and smile of thine,
Have fallen on my heart,
And thy spirit breathing into mine
Is of itself a part.
Then linger not, where all is gay,
To whisper thy farewell,
Where other eyes in coldness may
Upon our sorrow dwell.
Mid light, and mirth, and beauty's bloom
A parting such as ours
Were mournful as a ruined tomb,
Encircled all by flowers.
LEXINGTON, KY. ROSA.

WARM HEARTS HAD KATE AND I.

BY AUSTIN T. CARLE.

The autumn winds were damp and cold,
And dark the clouds that swept along,
As from the fields the grains of gold
We gathered with the husker's song.
Our hardy forms, though thinly clad,
Scarcely felt the winds that swept us by;
For she a child, and I a lad—
Warm hearts had we, my Kate and I.
We heaped the ears of yellow corn,
More worth than bars of gold to view;
The crispy covering from its torn,
The noblest grain that ever grew;
Her needed we, though thinly clad,
For heedless we, though thinly clad,
Of autumn winds that swept us by;
Ah! she a child, and I a lad—
Warm hearts had we, my Kate and I.
The robin hungry to us came,
And, feeding, listen'd to our song,
Then hung his head in very shame—
Less joyous note than his own song.
For heedless we, though thinly clad,
Of autumn winds that swept us by;
Ah! she a child, and I a lad—
Warm hearts had we, my Kate and I.
When evening shadows gathered round,
And from the fields we home would go,
Her little form, my arm would bound,
And bear it to the drifted snow;
Her little form, my arm would bound,
Of chilling wind that swept us by;
For she a child, and I a lad—
Warm hearts had we, my Kate and I.

From the Louisville Journal.

"WHERE IS HE?"

"And still flourish he, a hale green tree,
When a hundred years are gone."
How is good and great and glorious old Hal,
friend P? He has been more freshly called
to my mind to-day, though an evergreen in every
Whig heart, by a plaster medallion of him sent
me by T. Jones, the promising sculptor of the
West, now in New York. In a group of gen-
tlemen admiring its similitude, a loco present
observed by way of a toast, "It's very good,
but where now is Clay?" I send you the an-
swer, believing it will be welcome in your
Journal, however weak a vindication it may be,
and though published in a somewhat similar shape
some years since in the Detroit Advertiser un-
der my initials.
Where is he? Ask the mighty host
Of freemen in our native land!
A million voices will respond,
While each one proudly clasps his hand
To his warm heart, and with a tear
For him they honor, answer—here!
Where is he? In the frozen North,
In the vast empire of the West,
In the sweet lowlands of the South,
That rallying name is known and blest!
On land, a watchword for the free—
The sailor shouts it on the sea!
Where is he? Far beyond the reach
Of his fierce, unforgiving foe,
In vain does malice strive to crush
Colossal genius with its blows—
The arrows winged with envious aim
Break on the bright shield of his fame!
Where is he? When the world-beat great,
The party pugilist of to-day,
Are all forgot, mankind will weep
Around the hallowed grave of Clay!
Where then will be their names who dare
Defame him? Echo answers—where?
DETROIT, 1851. W. H. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE DOLLAR.

BY GEO. LIPPARD.

[Would that George Lippard had al-
ways written as powerfully and unexcep-
tionably as in the following sketch:]
They brought him a dollar.
He took it, clutched it in his long
skinny fingers, tried its sound against the
bed-post, and then gazed at it long and
intently with his dull leaden eyes.
That day, in the hurry of business,
Death had struck him, even in the street.
He was hurrying to collect his last
month's rent, and was on the verge of
the miserable court where his tenants
herded like beasts in their kennels—
when Death laid his hand upon him.
He was carried home to his splendid
mansion. He was laid upon a bed with
a satin coverlet. The lawyer, the rela-
tives, and the preacher were sent for.
All day long he lay without speech, mov-
ing only his right hand, as though in
the act of counting money.

At midnight he spoke.
He asked for a dollar, and they brought
one to him, and lean and gaunt he set
up in his death-bed, and clutched it with
the grip of death.

A shaded lamp stood on a table near
the sick bed. Its light fell faintly a-
round the splendid room, where chairs
and carpers and mirrors, silken bed and
lofty ceiling, all said, "Gold! as plainly as
human lips can say it."
His hair and eyebrows are white. His
cheeks sunken, and his lips thin and sur-
rounded by wrinkles that indicated the
pattern of Avarice. As he sat up in bed
with his neck bare and the silken cover-
let wrapped about his lean frame, his
white hair and eyebrows contrasted with his
washed and wrinkled face, he looked like
a ghost. And there was life in his lead-
en eyes—all that life was centered on the
Dollar which he gripped in his clenched
fist.

His wife, a pleasant-faced matronly
woman was seated at the foot of the bed.
His son, a young man of twenty-one,
dressed in the last touch of fashion, sat
by the lawyer. The lawyer sat before the
table, pen in hand, and gold specu-
cles on his nose. There was a huge
parchment spread before him.

"Do you think he'll make a will?" asked
the son.

"Hardly *compos mentis* yet," was the
weary reply. "Wait, he'll be lucid
after a while."

"My dear," said the wife, "had I not
better send for a preacher?"

She rose and took her dying husband
by the hand, but he did not mind. His
eye was upon the Dollar.

He was a rich man. He owned palaces
in Walnut and Chestnut streets, and
hovels and courts on the outskirts. He
had iron mines in this State; copper
mines on the Lakes, somewhere; he had
golden interests in California. His name
was bright upon the records of twenty
banks; he owned stock of all kinds; he
had half a dozen papers in his pay.

He knew but one crime—to be in debt
without the power to pay.

He knew but one virtue—to get money.
That crime he had never forgotten—
this virtue he had never forgotten in the
long way of thirty-five years.

To hunt down a debtor, to distress a
tenant, to turn a few additional thousands
by a sharp speculation—these were the
main achievements of his life.

He was a good man—his name was up-
on a silver plate upon the pew-door of a
valued church.

He was a benevolent man—for every
thousand dollars he wrung from the ten-
ants of his courts, or from the debtors
who writhed beneath his heels, he gave
ten dollars to some benevolent institution.

He was a just man—the Gallows and
the Jail always found him a faithful and
unswerving advocate.

And now he is a Dying Man—see!
As he sits upon the bed of death, with
the Dollar in his clenched hand.

"Oh! holy Dollar, object of his life-long
pursuit, what comfort hast thou for him
now in his pain of death?"

At length the dying man revived and
dictated his will. It was strange to see
the mother and son and lawyer mutter-
ing, and sometimes wrangling, beside the
bed of death. All the while the Testator
clutched the Dollar in his right hand.

While the will was being made, the
Preacher came—even he who held the
pastoral charge of the great church,
whose pew-drawers bore saintly names on
silver plates, and whose seats on Sabbath
day groaned beneath the weight of res-
pectability, broadcloth and prayer.

He came and said his prayers—deco--
rated in and measured words—but never
once did the dying man relax his hold
on the Dollar.

"Can't you read me something, say—
quick, don't you see I'm going?" at length
said the rich man, turning a frightened
look toward the preacher.

The preacher, whose cravat was of the
whitest, took a book with golden clasps
from a marble table.

And he read:
"And I say unto you it is easier for
a camel to go through the eye of a needle,
than for a rich man to enter the king-
dom of God."
"Who said these words—who—who—
who?" fairly shrieked the dying man,
shaking the hand which clenched the
Dollar, at the preacher's head.

"And it's easier for a camel to go thro'
the eye of a needle than for a rich man
to enter the kingdom of God, is it? Then
what's to become of me? Am I not rich?
What tenant did I ever spare? What
debtor did I ever release? And you
stood up Sunday after Sunday and preach-
ed to us, and never said one word about
the camel!"

The preacher, in search of a consoling
passage, turned rapidly over the
leaves, and, in his confusion, came to
this passage, which he read:

"Go to now, ye rich men, weep and
howl, for your miseries shall come upon
you. Your gold and silver is cankered;
and the rust of them shall be a wit-
ness against you; and eat your flesh as
it were fire; ye have heaped treasures
together for the last days. Behold the
hire of the laborers who have reaped
down your fields, which is of you kept
back by fraud, crieth; and the cries of
them which have reaped are entered into
the ears of the Lord of Sabbath."

"And yet you never preached that to
me!" shrieked the dying man.

The preacher who had blundered thro'
the passage from James, which we have
quoted, knew not what to say. He was
perchance terrified by the very look of
his dying parishioner.

Then the wife drew near and strove
to comfort him, and the son (who had
been reading the will) attempted a word
or two of consolation.

And with the dollar in his hand he
sank into death, talking of stock, of rent,
of copper mines and camels, of tenant
and debtor, until the breath left his lips.
Thus he died.

When he was cold, the preacher rose
and asked the lawyer whether the de-
ceased had left any thing to such and
such a charitable society, which had been
engrafted upon the preacher's church.

And the wife closed his eyes and tried
to wrench the Dollar from his hand, but
in vain. He clutched it as though it
were the only savior to light him through
the darkness of eternity.

And the son sat down with dry eyes
and thought of the hundreds of thousands
which were now his own.

Next day there was a hearse followed
by a train of carriages nearly a mile in
length. There was a crowd around an
open grave, and an elegant sermon upon
the virtues of the deceased by the preach-
er.

There was fluttering of crape badges,
and rolling of carriages, and—no tears.
They left the dead man and returned to
the palace where sorrow died even as
the crape was taken from the door knob.

And in the grave the dead hand still
clenched the Dollar!

A Touching Story.

[The following narrative purports to
have been given by a father to his son,
as a warning derived from his own bitter
experience of the sin of grieving a moth-
er's love and counsel.]

What agony was painted on my moth-
er's face, when she saw all she had said
and suffered failed to move me. She
rose to go home, and I followed at a
distance. She spoke no more to me till
we reached her own door.

"It is school-time now," said she—
"Go, my son, and once more let me be-
seach you to think upon what I have
said."

"I shan't go to school," said I.
She looked astonished at my boldness,
but replied firmly: "Certainly you will
go, Alfred. I command you."

"I will not!" said I with a tone of
confidence.

"One of two things you must do, Al-
fred—either go to school this moment, or
I will lock you in your room, and keep
you there until you are ready to promise
implicit obedience to my wishes in fu-
ture."

"I dare you to do it," said I; "you
can't get me up stairs."

"Alfred, choose now," said my moth-
er, who laid her hand upon my arm. She
trembled violently, and was deadly pale.

"If you touch me I will kick you,"
said I, in a terrible rage. God knows I
knew not what I said.

"Will you go, Alfred?"

"No!" I replied, but quailed beneath
her eye.

"Then follow me," said she, as she
grasped my arm firmly. I raised my
foot—oh, my son, hear me!—I raised my
foot and kicked her—my sainted mother!
How my brain reels, as the torment of
memory rushes over me! I kicked my
mother—a feeble woman—MY MOTHER!

She staggered back a few steps, and lean-
ed against the wall. She did not look at
me. I saw her heart beat against her
breast.

"Oh! Heavenly Father," she cried,
"forgive him; he knows not what he
does!"

The gardener just then passed the
door, and seeing my mother pale, and al-
most unable to support herself, he stopped
and she beckoned him in. "Take this
boy up stairs, and lock him in his room."

Looking back as she was entering her
room, such a look—it will forever follo-
w me—it was a look of agony, mingled
with the intensest love—it was the last
unutterable pang from a heart that was
broken.

In a moment I found myself a pris-
oner in my own room. I thought at first
I would fling myself out of the open
window, and dash my brains out, but I
felt afraid to do it. I was not penitent.
At times my heart was subdued, but my
stubborn pride rose in an instant, and
bade me not to yield. The pale face of
my mother haunted me. I threw myself
on my bed, and went to sleep. Just at
twilight I heard a footstep approach the
door. It was my sister.

"Nothing!" I replied.
"Oh, Alfred, for my sake, for all our
sakes, say that you are sorry—let me
tell mother that you are sorry. She
longs to forgive you." I heard her foot-
steps slowly retreating, and again I flung
myself on the bed.

Another footstep, feebler and slower
than my sister's, disturbed me. A voice
called me by name. It was my mother's.
"Alfred, my son, shall I come? Are
you sorry for what you have done?" she
asked.

I cannot tell what influence, operating
at that moment, made me speak adverse
to my feelings. The gentle voice of my
mother that thrilled through me, and
melted the ice from my obdurate heart,
and longed to throw myself on her neck,
but I did not. But my words gave the
lie to my heart when I said I was not
sorry. I heard her withdraw. I longed
to call her back, but I did not.

I was awakened from my uneasy slum-
ber by hearing my name called loudly,
and my sister stood by my bedside.

"Get up, Alfred. Oh, don't wait a
minute! Mother is dying!"

I thought I was yet dreaming, but I
got up mechanically, and followed my
sister. On the bed, pale and cold as
marble, lay my mother. She had not
undressed. She had thrown herself on
the bed to rest. Arising to go again to
me, she was seized with palpitation of
the heart, and borne senseless to her
room.

I cannot tell you my agony as I look-
ed upon her; my remorse was tenfold
more bitter from the thought that she
never would know it. I believed myself
to be her murderer. I fell on the bed
beside her. I could not weep. My heart
burned in my bosom; my brain was all
on fire. My sister threw her arms a-
round me, and wept in silence. Sudden-
ly we saw a slight motion of mother's
hand—her eyes unclosed. She had re-
covered consciousness, but not speech.

She looked at me and moved her lips, but
I could not understand her words.

"Mother, mother!" I shrieked, "say
only that you forgive me."

She could not say it with her lips, but
her hand pressed mine. She smiled up-
on me, and lifting her thin, white hands,
she clasped my own within them, and
cast her eyes upward. She moved her
lips in prayer, and thus she died. I re-
mained still kneeling beside that dear
form, till my gentle sister removed me.

The joy of youth had left me forever.

Boys who spurn a mother's control,
who are ashamed to own that they are
wrong, who think it manly to resist her
authority, or her influence, beware!
Take warning, and profit by this lesson.
Lay not up for yourselves bitter memo-
ries for future years.

Yes, GET MARRIED.—Dow, Jr., is a
queer fellow, and says many good things
in his own curious style. Hear him dis-
cuss to young men on the subject of
getting married. He really makes it out
that a wife is some use to man.

"Young man, if you have arrived at the
right point in life for it, let every other
consideration give way to that of getting
married. Don't think of anything else.
Keep poking among the rubbish of the
world till you have stirred a gem worth
possession, in the shape of a wife. Never
think of delaying the matter, for you
know delays are dangerous. A good wife
is the most constant and faithful com-
panion you can possibly have by your side
while performing the duty of life. She
is of more service to you than you may
at first imagine. She can smooth your
linen and your cares; mend your trou-
sers, and perchance your manners; sweet-
en your four moments as well as your
coffee and tea for you; ruffle, perhaps,
your shirt bosom, but not your temper;
and instead of sowing the seeds of sor-
row in your path, she will sow buttons
on your shirt, plant happiness instead of
harrow teeth in your bosom. Yes, if
you are too confounded lazy or too proud
to do such work yourself, she will chop
wood, and dig potatoes for dinner; for
her love for her husband is such that she
will do anything to please him but re-
ceive company in her every day clothes.
When a woman loves she loves with her
double devotedness, and if she
hates it is on high pressure principle; her
love is deep as the ocean, as strong as a
hempen halter, and as immovable as the
rock. She won't change it except it is in
a strong fit of jealousy; and even then it
lingers as if loth to part, like the twilight
at the windows of the west. Get married
by all means. All excuses you can fish
up against doing the deed ain't worthy a
spoonful of pigeon's milk. Mark it. If
blessed with health and enjoyment, you
are not able to support a wife, depend up-
on it you are incapable of supporting your-
self. Therefore, so much the more need
for annexation, for in union as well as in
enmity there is strength. Get married, I
repeat, young man! Concentrate your
affections upon one object and not distrib-
ute the crumbs among the host of Sus-
sans, Marias, Lorynnas, Olives, Augus-
tas, Elizabs, Sarahs, Lydias, Lauras, Mar-
thas, and Dorothies, allowing each scarce-
ly enough to nibble at. Get married
and have something to cheer, as you jour-
ney through this lonely 'vale of tears,' some-
body to scour up your whole life and
whenever linen you possess, in some sort
of go-to-meeting order. My hearers, get
married while you are young, and then,
while frosts of old age shall fall and with-
er, the flowers of connubial love will still
be green, and perchance, a joyous old
spring will surround and grace the parent
tree, like ivy, twining and adorning the
time scathed oak."

Encouraging Facts in Ireland.

The Rev. J. D. Smith, writing from
Ireland to the British Banner, gives an
encouraging view of the progress of
Protestant missions there. From this
letter it would seem that all evangelical
missions in Britain are re-enforcing their
Irish missions, and that the harvest is
great in proportion to the reapers. A
most powerful impulse has been given to
popular feeling, on the subject of scrip-
tural inquiry in Ireland, from which high-
ly favorable results have already been
obtained. In the West of Ireland the
church of England, through the vol-
untary efforts of its ministers and mem-
bers, is doing a great work, a movement
is in progress which is worthy of the
name of a reformation. Ministers are
preaching out of doors and in doors, in
cabins, in cottages, and in churches, to
crowds of converted Romanists. An
English minister went over to the vicinity
of Conemara, to recruit his health—
and such results went out from his casu-
al visit, that the scripture now is being
read through twelve well chosen districts.

Some of the Popish chapel are almost
deserted, 5000 persons have left the er-
rors of Rome, and some of the Priests
are about to emigrate to America. One
minister, the Rev. John Gregg, in an ex-
cursion from Dublin, visited 55 congre-
gations of seceding Romanists, number-
ing from 50 to 600 each. In the diocese
of Tuam there are 10,000 converts from
Romanism regularly gathered into Pro-
testant churches. The Bishop was at first
opposed to the work; but such was the
flood of inquiry rising around him, that
it carried him over, and compelled him
to join it. Bishop Daly stated in Exeter
Hall, than in Connaught alone, there had
been 10,000 converts. Dr. Duff, in a
late visit to this district, seemed to forget
his own field in India, in his joy at the
prospects opening upon Ireland. He
said he was perfectly satisfied, that in a
most remarkable manner God was open-
ing the minds of the Popish population
to the knowledge of the truth.—*Paritan
Recorder.*

COULDN'T CURE HIM.—A good story is
told in an eastern paper of the treatment
of a drunken husband by his amiable
spouse. After trying various expedients,
all to cure drunkenness, she at last be-
thought herself of another plan of mak-
ing a reformed drunkard of her lord,
and she engaged a watchman, for a stipu-
lated reward, to carry Philander to the
watch house while yet in a state of insen-
sibility, and to frighten him a little when
he recovered. In consequence of this
arrangement, Philander waked up about
eleven o'clock at night, and found him-
self lying on a pine bench in a strange
and dim apartment. Raising himself up
on his elbow, he looked around until his
eyes rested on a man seated by a stove
smoking a cigar.

"Where am I?" said Philander.

"In a medical college," said the cigar-
smoker.

"What a doing there?"

"Going to be cut up!"

"How comes that?"

"Why, you died yesterday, while you
were drunk, and we bought your body to
make a anatomy."

"It's a lie—I'm not dead."

"No matter—we bought your carcass
from your wife, who had a right to sell
it, for its all the good she could ever
make of you. If you're not dead, that's
no fault of the doctors, and they'll cut you
up, dead or alive."

"Who will do it, eh?" asked the old
son.

"Ay, to be sure we will, now direc-
tly," was the resolute answer.

"Well, can't you let us have some-
thing to drink before you begin?"

This last speech satisfied the watch-
man that Philander was a hopeless case;
and, as his reward was contingent on his
successful treatment of the patient, he
was not a little chagrined at the result; so
with no gentle handling, he tumbled the
irreformatible inebriate out of the watch-
house.

Paythreprinter — thepinterpay;
amotxtionreyzimmqrephax!!

Rules for Railway Travellers.

Never attempt to get out of a Railroad
carriage when it is moving.
Never attempt to get in a railroad car-
riage when it is in motion, no matter
how slow it may seem to be.

Never sit in any unusual place or pos-
ture.
Never get out at the wrong side of a
railroad carriage.

Never pass from one side of the rail-
road to the other, except when it is indis-
pensably necessary to do so, and then not
without the utmost precaution.

Express trains are attended with more
danger than ordinary trains. Those who
desire security, should use them only
when great speed is required.

Special trains, and all other occasional
trains on railways are to be avoided,
being more unsafe than the ordinary
and regular trains.

If the trains in which you travel, meet
with an accident, by which it is stopped
at a part of the line, or at a time where
such stoppage is not regular, it is more ad-
visable to quit the train than to stay in it.

Beware of yielding to the sudden im-
pulse to spring from the carriage to recover
your hat which has blown off, or a parcel
dropped.

When you start on a journey, select,
if you can, a carriage at or as near as
possible to the centre of the train.

Do not attempt to hand any article in-
to a train in motion.

When you can choose your time,
travel by day rather than by night; and if
not urgently pressed, do not travel in
foggy weather.—*Scientific American,*

Encouraging Facts in Ireland.

The Rev. J. D. Smith, writing from
Ireland to the British Banner, gives an
encouraging view of the progress of
Protestant missions there. From this
letter it would seem that all evangelical
missions in Britain are re-enforcing their
Irish missions, and that the harvest is
great in proportion to the reapers. A
most powerful impulse has been given to
popular feeling, on the subject of scrip-
tural inquiry in Ireland, from which high-
ly favorable results have already been
obtained. In the West of Ireland the
church of England, through the vol-
untary efforts of its ministers and mem-
bers, is doing a great work, a movement
is in progress which is worthy of the
name of a reformation. Ministers are
preaching out of doors and in doors, in
cabins, in cottages, and in churches, to
crowds of converted Romanists. An
English minister went over to the vicinity
of Conemara, to recruit his health—
and such results went out from his casu-
al visit, that the scripture now is being
read through twelve well chosen districts.

Some of the Popish chapel are almost
deserted, 5000 persons have left the er-
rors of Rome, and some of the Priests
are about to emigrate to America. One
minister, the Rev. John Gregg, in an ex-
cursion from Dublin, visited 55 congre-
gations of seceding Romanists, number-
ing from 50 to 600 each. In the diocese
of Tuam there are 10,000 converts from
Romanism regularly gathered into Pro-
testant churches. The Bishop was at first
opposed to the work; but such was the
flood of inquiry rising around him, that
it carried him over, and compelled him
to join it. Bishop Daly stated in Exeter
Hall, than in Connaught alone, there had
been 10,000 converts. Dr. Duff, in a
late visit to this district, seemed to forget



DANVILLE, KY.:
FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 21, 1851.

For President in 1852,
MILLARD FILLMORE,
OF NEW YORK.

For Vice President,
JOHN J. CRITTENDEN,
OF KENTUCKY.

WE have been compelled for several weeks to print the Tribune on a very inferior article of paper, but it is the best we can get. The low stage of the river has prevented our paper merchant from getting a supply of the right kind, and we ask the indulgence of our readers for a week or two longer, by which time we hope to do better.

MORE FINE CORN.—Mr. Geo. M. Packer of this county, has left at our office a dozen years of corn which "make down the crowd" in almost every respect. They are much larger, better filled, and of a better variety of grain than any other lot we have received this season.

LECTURE ON MUSIC.—We are requested to state that Mr. Wm. A. MARKWELL will deliver a lecture on vocal music, at the Reform Church, on this (Friday) evening, at half-past 6 o'clock, after which he will proceed to form his third class in this place. We have heretofore taken occasion to speak of Mr. Markwell's qualifications as a teacher of music, and in addition to this, he is too well known in this community to render it necessary for us to repeat. We may, however, say that the best judges and all the members of his former classes unite in acknowledging him to be the most efficient and successful teacher that has ever visited our city. The public, and especially those who desire to join the class, are invited to attend his lecture.

CONCERT.—The show-going portion of our community will not fail to notice the advertisement for a Concert in this place on to-morrow (Saturday) evening, by the Hill Family. Their bill of performance presents several very attractive features, and those who attend will doubtless be highly entertained.

PREMIUM FOR CORN.—We again invite attention to the advertisement of Jona. Nichols & Co., offering a premium for the best lot of Corn delivered at their grocery in Danville. They give further time till the 1st of December next. Let all the farmers in this section who have fine corn make a trial for the premium.

WE made a slight mistake last week in Nichols & Co's advertisement of "Land Wanted." It is now correct.

The following Post Offices in this State have been discontinued by the Postmaster General during the week ending the 15th inst. (last week): Brantley, Georgia; Grant's Lick, Campbell co. Middlebury, Casey co. Randolph Springs, Lewis co. and Grape Vine, Perry county. New offices have been established at Turkey Foot, Scott county, and Ashe's Creek, Spencer county.

BALLOTING FOR U. S. SENATOR.—Notwithstanding the attempts of Mr. Ben. Hardin to defeat the election of United States Senator by the present Legislature, on Monday last, the day fixed by law for the election, the two Houses met and commenced balloting. We give the results of the balloting up to the hour of adjournment on Tuesday. The Whigs, it will be seen, are divided, voting for half a dozen candidates, while the Locofocos are voting their full strength for any man of their party who may be nominated. The Locos certainly do not hope to succeed in electing, but we very much admire the unanimity with which they act, and hope the Whigs will, in this respect, take a lesson from their opponent, elect a Senator, transact the remainder of their business at the capital as speedily as circumstances will allow, then return to their homes without any useless expenditure of time or money. We do not know who they will elect, but we do not believe that neither of the gentlemen nominated up to Tuesday evening, will be the successful candidate. We may, however, be mistaken.

RISE IN THE RIVER.—A despatch from Pittsburgh of the 17th inst., reported 12 feet water in the Ohio river at that place. A large number of boats started on that day. A later despatch of the 18th reports only "10 feet water, and falling." At Cincinnati and Louisville, the river is still stationary, with about 4 feet water in the channel.

Thursday next is the day set apart by Gov. Powell as a day of Thanksgiving. It will, of course, be properly observed by our citizens.

MASSACHUSETTS ELECTION.—It is announced by telegraph from Boston, under date of the 11th, that the entire State has been heard from, and the vote stands: Winthrop, Whig, 64,540; Boutwell, Dem., 43,882; Palfrey, Free-Soil, 28,583. There is therefore no choice of Governor by the people. Last year the vote stood: Briggs, Whig, 56,778; Boutwell, Dem., 36,023; Phillips, Free-Soil, 27,636. The Whig increase is 7,762; the Democratic 7,869; and the Free-Soil 959. Mr. Winthrop beats Boutwell 29,658 votes, but fails of his election by the vote cast for Palfrey.

The probabilities are said to be decidedly in favor of a Whig Legislature. The Whigs have elected 29 Senators, and the Coalitionists 14. The character of the House will depend upon the elections yet to take place. Parties now stand, Whigs 162, Coalition 143, no choice 132. A number of towns have voted to send no representation. The majority against the Convention to frame a new Constitution is 3,322.

The St. Louis Republican of the 15th inst., states that Timothy Burns, candidate of the Locofocos for Lieutenant Governor in Wisconsin, is probably the only man elected on that ticket for State officers. For everything else, there has been a clean sweep of Locofocos out of office.

We notice that Troublesome, Wolf, Sinking, Jenny's, and Grassy Creeks, in this State, have been declared navigable streams by the present Legislature. Navigable for what?

We have not yet received the Harrodsburg Flogging of last week. Has our neighbor become offended and withdrawn his light from us?

The members of Congress are already beginning to collect at Washington city, which fact indicates that there will be quite a full attendance at the opening of the session.

CARRYING CONCEALED WEAPONS.—We are glad to see that Mr. Anderson, our worthy and talented Representative in the Legislature, has introduced a bill to suppress the practice of carrying concealed weapons. That the passage of such a bill is loudly called for, no one who is cognizant of the immense deal of bloodshed, and the sickening loss of life caused almost entirely by this disgraceful practice, will deny. We unite therefore with our brethren of the press, and all good peaceable citizens, in hoping earnestly that the bill introduced by Mr. Anderson, if it covers all the necessary ground, will be adopted by the Legislature, and rigidly enforced on all who violate the law thereby made. If something of the kind is not done, and that speedily, the time may soon come (if it has not already) when the most peaceable citizen cannot consider himself safe unless he is armed for self defence.

GRAHAM'S MAGAZINE.—Graham bids good-bye to '51 in his December number very gracefully, and we regard this number as one of the very best ever issued. It contains four magnificent steel engravings, and a large amount of interesting reading matter. Graham has been a publisher for many years, and understands his business much too well to allow himself to be "headed" by any of his contemporaries.

GODFREY'S LADY'S BOOK for December is very tastefully gotten up, and doubtless will more than satisfy its hosts of patrons. Two colored engravings (presenting a view of every-day life) and a beautiful fashion plate, form the principal attractions in the picture line. We have not had time to examine the literary contents, but judge from the titles of the various contributions, that many of them are very interesting.

THE EDUCATIONAL CONVENTION.—A preable to a published report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, a convention of the friends of education assembled in Frankfort on Wednesday, the 12th inst. The convention was not so largely attended as might have been desired, owing to the short notice given of its meeting. It continued in session two days, and adjourned to meet in Louisville on the last Monday in August, 1852. The proceedings are very interesting and will doubtless be productive of much good, but their length compels us to defer publishing them in our paper until next week.

A Washington despatch under date of the 17th inst., says: "It has been determined by the President and Cabinet to give a grand diplomatic dinner to Kosuth. Chevalier Hulseman, the Austrian representative, will be invited."

LOUISIANA.—A letter from New Orleans, in the Mobile Advertiser of the 4th, says that "the Legislature will be undoubtedly, largely Whig. A Whig U. S. Senator, and Mr. Soule awfully instructed."

Santa Anna is again talked of in Mexico as the only man who can save the Republic. It seems certain that, without some unexpected intervention the government must be broken up.

NEW CONSTITUTION OF INDIANA.—The new constitution of Indiana went into operation on the 1st inst. No negro or mulatto can now emigrate to or settle in that State.

THE WASHINGTON TELEGRAPH.—The 12th inst., in speaking of our Cuban affairs, says that our Government is in possession of the proofs that, firstly, no trial of Crittenden and his men was had; and, secondly, the bodies of a portion of them were mutilated after death.

LATER FROM MEXICO.—A despatch, dated 16th inst., from New Orleans, says: "By an arrival to-day from Brazos, we have a report that Carvajal, on the 9th raised the siege of Matamoros, and that most of his followers have disbanded."

A subsequent despatch, dated the 18th, says the steamer Fanny, from Brazos, confirms the report of Carvajal's abandoning the siege of Matamoros. The failure is attributed to a want of military capacity and indecision. A stampede occurred among his forces, which was increased by the report of large Mexican reinforcements being near, which proved groundless. Subsequently Carvajal took his post at Reynosa, where many rejoined him.

A Rio Bravo paper says that Capt. Ford has recovered and will join Carvajal and continue the war. The Mexicans are greatly elated.

REVOLUTIONARY MOVEMENT IN EUROPE.—We learn from the New York Express that a bold and determined step has just been taken by Mazzini and his associates—the acknowledged heads of the so-called Republican party in Italy—in issuing a proclamation which gives open warning of another general revolution in Europe. This proclamation, which is signed by Giuseppe, Mazzini, A. Saffi, and Montecchi, is dated at London, Sept. 30th, and was published at Geneva, Oct. 14—Sardinia being the only place, they say, in which the printing press is free. It calls upon Italians to be prepared for a simultaneous insurrection, and prescribes the principles and rules of proceeding in the first stages of the movement; states that a society called the "Friends of Liberty" has been founded, to collect contributions and to promote the triumph of the press, public meetings, parliamentary action, and all other conscientious means.

A NEW LIGHT DISCOVERED.—It is said that Mr. Bates, of Dundas, Canada, has discovered a mode of producing a beautiful light from a peculiar decomposition of common air. It is clear, smokeless, and brilliant; perfectly safe, and can be produced at so very trifling a cost that, if it turns out as described, it must supersede the use of all descriptions of artificial light now in use. It is the intention of the inventor shortly to exhibit the results of this invention to the public, and to apply for a patent.

TENNESSEE U. S. SENATOR.—On the 14th inst., the Tennessee Legislature elected that noble and talented Whig, Ex-Gov. JONES, to the Senate of the United States, to succeed Mr. Turney, Lococo. Ex-Gov. Trousdale was the Lococo candidate, and the vote stood, Jones 55; Trousdale 38; Nicholas (Loco) 1, and Hardy (Whig) 1.

OFF-SHOOT OF THE WORLD'S FAIR IN THE UNITED STATES.—We see it stated that a proposition has been made in the London papers, over the signature of Edward Riddle, United States commissioner, and the Austrian commissioner, to transfer to New York the most attractive and valuable portion of the articles which have been exhibited in the Crystal Palace; and it is said that a company has been formed, represented in Europe by these two men, "to whom the entire management has been entrusted." A large building has been erected in New York, which will be made a bonded warehouse for the reception of goods from all countries, and it is stated that the proposed exhibition will be opened on the 15th of April next, and continue open for a period of four months.

DEBETTERS.—Twenty-nine privates of Capt. Duncan's company of mounted rifles, recently from Fort Laramie, deserted from Fort Leavenworth a few days since.

A telegraphic dispatch has been received at St. Louis from Washington, ordering eight companies of the rifle regiment to Texas.

A despatch from Boston, under date of the 12th inst., states that Robert Morris, the negro lawyer indicted for aiding in the Shadrach rescue, was that morning acquitted.

Hon. Thomas H. Benton was to leave Washington on Saturday last, for Missouri, to devote his time to the next political contest there. The Telegraph says that respecting Mr. Benton's historical work, some very erroneous reports have been circulated. It is not all written yet, and will be laid aside until his return to Washington next autumn.

The Governors of twenty-eight out of the thirty-one States of the Union have appointed the 27th instant as Thanksgiving day. This unanimity of action, it is understood, has been the result of an understanding among their Excellencies, the initiative suggestion emanating from the Governor of Ohio.

INauguration of Gov. Cobb.—The Hon. Howell Cobb was inaugurated as Governor of Georgia, at Augusta, on Wednesday last. His address was strongly constitutional and in favor of the Union compromise platform.

NEW CONSTITUTION OF INDIANA.—The new constitution of Indiana went into operation on the 1st inst. No negro or mulatto can now emigrate to or settle in that State.

THE WASHINGTON TELEGRAPH.—The 12th inst., in speaking of our Cuban affairs, says that our Government is in possession of the proofs that, firstly, no trial of Crittenden and his men was had; and, secondly, the bodies of a portion of them were mutilated after death.

THE WASHINGTON TELEGRAPH.—The 12th inst., in speaking of our Cuban affairs, says that our Government is in possession of the proofs that, firstly, no trial of Crittenden and his men was had; and, secondly, the bodies of a portion of them were mutilated after death.

THE WASHINGTON TELEGRAPH.—The 12th inst., in speaking of our Cuban affairs, says that our Government is in possession of the proofs that, firstly, no trial of Crittenden and his men was had; and, secondly, the bodies of a portion of them were mutilated after death.

THE WARSAW NEW YORKER gives the particulars of an accident by which Mrs. True, of Covington, wife of Wm. True, was killed by her own husband. Mr. T. was driving a stake into the ground, and a rail was placed for him to stand upon, with one end in a chair and the other upon the sill of a barn. One end of the rail was held by Mrs. T. to steady it. While Mr. T. was in the act of striking upon the stake with an axe, his feet slipped and he fell toward his wife, the axe striking upon her head with such force as to cause immediate death. No one witnessed this unfortunate accident except the husband, who was thus made his wife's executioner. A coroner's jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the above statement.

A company is said to have been organized in New York for the purpose of establishing a telegraphic communication between that city and Liverpool. It is to be done by means of a wire laid across and in the bed of the Atlantic ocean.

Defrauding the Post Office Department.—The Maysville Eagle says that some persons, either through ignorance or fraud, have attempted to use stamps which had previously been used in payment of postage. The Postmaster removed the stamp, and charged on the letter full postage, and he also wrote to the Postmaster to whose office the letter was sent, requesting him to find out, if he could, the name of the person sending the letter. The person who received the letter very frankly gave the information, so that the perpetrator was easily detected. Every person who commits such an offence subjects himself to a penalty of fifty dollars.

LOUISVILLE MARKET, Nov. 18.—Business quiet. Sales of Flour at \$3 20/30 for fair brand. Good Wheat 60c. New Corn 35c. Rio Coffee, in lots, at 9c. Sales of 20 hogsheads old sugar at 60c/lb. Sales of 25 hogsheads old Lard at 7c, a decline. Hugging and Rape at 13c for the former and 60c/lb for the latter.

The Louisville Journal, of Friday, says: "We understand that a female slave, who can read from her master in this city about two years ago, and resided during that time in Indiana, returned yesterday, preferring to live as a slave with her master rather than remain free in Indiana."

Wm. C. Anderson, Esq.—The Frankfort correspondent of the Louisville Journal, in his letter of the 14th inst., pays the following very deserved compliment to Mr. Anderson, who so ably represents this county in the Legislature: "The people have labored under the error for a long time, that gray hairs and legislative wisdom were inseparable, and that a man should not presume to take any part in guiding the ship of State over that rough sea which all republics must navigate, until his head is whitened with the frosts of many winters. But since the days of Pitt this error has been gradually giving away, and while we all admit the advantages of practical experience, and acknowledge the respect and deference due to old age, we must also acknowledge that we have many young men, who by no means disgrace our legislative halls. During the present session no one has contributed more to the refutation of this error than our young friend from Boyle, whose native talent and business capacity, and whose alacrity in the performance of the arduous duties imposed upon him, render him a most valuable member; and, if he should hereafter devote his attention to the subject of politics, I predict that he will occupy with honor the highest positions in the gift of his constituents."

KOSUTH.—We copy the following paragraph from the New York Tribune. It is said that there is no doubt whatever, but that the reports tending to disparage the character of Kosuth in this country, were started by the enemies of Hungary, and are not at all reliable. A gentleman who has conversed with Capt. Leng, of the Mississippi, informs us that the Captain had no such difficulty with Kosuth as has been reported, and expresses for the great Hungarian the highest esteem and regard. The reports were set on foot by the enemies of the Hungarians in France.

HON. THOS. F. MARSHALL.—This distinguished and talented gentleman has entitled himself to much credit for his independent and manly course in the present Legislature, and we are glad to see that the press and correspondents from the capital are awarding him his just dues. The Frankfort correspondent of the Louisville Courier, speaking of him, says: "He is a gifted son of an honored and venerated lineage, whose talents are angel-bright, and whose genius is the Pythian of the Beautiful, and as an orator who graces his art with the fascination of sentiment and the persuasiveness of counsel, and whose words are not only heard, but felt. He is a man of noble and generous nature, and his words are not only heard, but felt. He is a man of noble and generous nature, and his words are not only heard, but felt."

THE WASHINGTON TELEGRAPH.—The 12th inst., in speaking of our Cuban affairs, says that our Government is in possession of the proofs that, firstly, no trial of Crittenden and his men was had; and, secondly, the bodies of a portion of them were mutilated after death.

THE WASHINGTON TELEGRAPH.—The 12th inst., in speaking of our Cuban affairs, says that our Government is in possession of the proofs that, firstly, no trial of Crittenden and his men was had; and, secondly, the bodies of a portion of them were mutilated after death.

THE WASHINGTON TELEGRAPH.—The 12th inst., in speaking of our Cuban affairs, says that our Government is in possession of the proofs that, firstly, no trial of Crittenden and his men was had; and, secondly, the bodies of a portion of them were mutilated after death.

THE WASHINGTON TELEGRAPH.—The 12th inst., in speaking of our Cuban affairs, says that our Government is in possession of the proofs that, firstly, no trial of Crittenden and his men was had; and, secondly, the bodies of a portion of them were mutilated after death.

THE WASHINGTON TELEGRAPH.—The 12th inst., in speaking of our Cuban affairs, says that our Government is in possession of the proofs that, firstly, no trial of Crittenden and his men was had; and, secondly, the bodies of a portion of them were mutilated after death.

THE WASHINGTON TELEGRAPH.—The 12th inst., in speaking of our Cuban affairs, says that our Government is in possession of the proofs that, firstly, no trial of Crittenden and his men was had; and, secondly, the bodies of a portion of them were mutilated after death.

THE WASHINGTON TELEGRAPH.—The 12th inst., in speaking of our Cuban affairs, says that our Government is in possession of the proofs that, firstly, no trial of Crittenden and his men was had; and, secondly, the bodies of a portion of them were mutilated after death.

THE WASHINGTON TELEGRAPH.—The 12th inst., in speaking of our Cuban affairs, says that our Government is in possession of the proofs that, firstly, no trial of Crittenden and his men was had; and, secondly, the bodies of a portion of them were mutilated after death.

THE WASHINGTON TELEGRAPH.—The 12th inst., in speaking of our Cuban affairs, says that our Government is in possession of the proofs that, firstly, no trial of Crittenden and his men was had; and, secondly, the bodies of a portion of them were mutilated after death.

THE WASHINGTON TELEGRAPH.—The 12th inst., in speaking of our Cuban affairs, says that our Government is in possession of the proofs that, firstly, no trial of Crittenden and his men was had; and, secondly, the bodies of a portion of them were mutilated after death.

HOOS.—We find the following in the Louisville Courier of the 13th:

HOOS—PORK PACKING.—There begins to be more inquiry for hogs, and we quote a sale of 1,000 logs on Saturday to a packer, at \$4 25 net, and we learn that there are quite a number of buyers at that price. For a lot of 400 head \$4 40 was declined. Messrs. Jackson, Owsley & Co., have commenced slaughtering at their extensive porkhouse and during Saturday and today killed about 3,000 head. The receipts of hogs are increasing and we notice the arrival of a drove from Indiana via the New Albany railroad.

The advantages of railroad transportation are very great. This season the drovers from Lexington are transporting their hogs to this market at a cost of 40 cents per head, with no loss of weight in driving, and in only one day's time. Last year it required three or four weeks to accomplish the same journey, at a cost of at least 60 cents per hog, with a positive loss of 15 or 20 lbs. by driving.

THE REV. CALVIN FAIRBANKS AGAIN CAUGHT.—We find the following in the Louisville Courier of Monday last:

Some days since we noticed the arrest of a man at Jeffersonville, who gave his name as Jones, charged with running off a negro woman belonging to A. L. Shawwell, Esq., of this city. Mr. S. has been indefatigable in investigating the matter, and he soon had sufficient evidence in his possession to satisfy him that the prisoner was none other than the notorious Rev. Calvin Fairbanks, who was some years since sentenced to serve a term in the Kentucky penitentiary for a similar offence, and whose pardon by Gov. Crittenden, after only a part of his term had expired, caused considerable feeling throughout the State at the time. Fairbank took Mr. Shawwell's negro to Salem, Ia., and delivering her to a negro barber there who was to send her forward, returned for the purpose of running off a woman at the Union Hotel, before accomplishing which, however, he was arrested as before detailed.

Fairbank for some days denied his identity, but being confronted with those who knew him during his former residence at Frankfort, he "acknowledged the corn." We understand that there is abundance of evidence to convict him, and we doubt not he will soon again be consigned to the walls from which it was unfortunate he was ever liberated. At the time of his pardon, we censured the act, as we believed him to be an unworthy subject of executive clemency. The result shows we were right.

We understand that the last number published in New York, contained two letters from this Fairbank, one of which was dated at Louisville, and the other at Jeffersonville, and in which the object of his visit was indistinctly intimated.

Mr. Shawwell has not yet recovered his slave.

We understand that Fairbank will be tried before the Police Court this morning.

The Courier of Tuesday, gives the following as the result of the trial: Yesterday morning Rev. Calvin Fairbank was arraigned before Judge Joyce on the charge of "running off" a slave woman belonging to A. L. Shawwell, Esq. The strongest and most complete case of circumstantial evidence was made out against him that we ever heard of. He made no attempt to deny his identity, though having assumed two or three aliases, and before his arrest. After hearing the testimony the court told him to wait to answer to the charge of felony in the sum of \$5,000, in default of which he was lodged in jail to await a final trial before the circuit court.

While in the jail, Fairbank was informed by the jailer that the fugitive slave, Temor, had not been expunged. "This was much elated him, and jumping up he said he felt like 'skouting victory'!" He denied abducting the woman from Kentucky, but admits that he assisted her in Indiana, and further states that he always has, and always will, oppose the fugitive slave law.

REMOVAL FROM WASHINGTON.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Commercial sends the following to that paper:

I think the statement that Mr. Webster has placed his resignation in the hands of the President, to take effect soon after the meeting of Congress, is authentic. Mr. Webster can have no reason for delaying a step which he has contemplated for some months. The reasons which have induced him to forego his purpose of withdrawing from the labors and cares of office until this time, will be developed in the annual exposition of our National affairs to be laid before Congress by the President. But for his indomitable health, Hon. Edward Everett would doubtless come into the place about to be vacated by Webster, but it is considered settled that when Webster goes out, Crittenden will take charge of the State Department, and Rufus Choate will be made Attorney General.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun of the 14th inst., says: "The difficulty between this Government and that of Spain has good as settled. There will, of course, be some understanding about etiquette—all that Spain wants; and the usual courtesy due to friendly nations will not be refused her. Powder has been wasted on more occasions than one. Mr. Webster and Mr. Calhoun both deserve great credit for the manner in which they have conducted this affair. Deposed on that, on burning the powder, the one hundred and fifty American prisoners will be sent back to the United States. The poor fellows are, on an average not twenty years of age, were heroic boys, misled by others."

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.—NEW YORK, Nov. 16. The steamer Daniel Webster, from San Juan de Nicaragua, arrived this evening, bringing dates from San Francisco to the 15th ult., and about 400 passengers.

The mining intelligence by this arrival is of the most satisfactory character. The weather had been unusually favorable and the yield of gold from the different sections of the mining regions is steadily on the increase.

The steamer California sailed from San Francisco on the 15th of October for Panama, with mails and \$1,000,000 in freight, and about 200 passengers. Messrs. Adams & Co. shipped upwards of \$500,000 of gold by the California.

Since the cessation from duty of the vigilance committee, San Francisco has become crowded with numerous bands of desperate characters, and some of the papers are strongly and earnestly appealing to the committee to set to work again.

The project of steam communication between San Francisco and the Sandwich Islands is likely very soon to be carried out. Hon. Selvin E. Woodworth was spoken of to take command of the first ship.

The U. S. sloop-of-war Vincennes, Commander W. J. Hudson, left San Francisco on the 13th of October, on a cruise to the Southward, and the Sandwich Islands.

The steamer Minor was burned at Sacramento on the 13th of October. Capt. Clarke and one of the firemen were badly burned. A passenger named D. Brown was burned to death.

San Francisco on the 15th of October for Panama, with mails and \$1,000,000 in freight, and about 200 passengers. Messrs. Adams & Co. shipped upwards of \$500,000 of gold by the California.

Since the cessation from duty of the vigilance committee, San Francisco has become crowded with numerous bands of desperate characters, and some of the papers are strongly and earnestly appealing to the committee to set to work again.

The project of steam communication between San Francisco and the Sandwich Islands is likely very soon to be carried out. Hon. Selvin E. Woodworth was spoken of to take command of the first ship.

The U. S. sloop-of-war Vincennes, Commander W. J. Hudson, left San Francisco on the 13th of October, on a cruise to the Southward, and the Sandwich Islands.

The steamer Minor was burned at Sacramento on the 13th of October. Capt. Clarke and one of the firemen were badly burned. A passenger named D. Brown was burned to death.

HORRIBLE.—A letter from Todd county, Ky., to the editor of the Nashville Banner, dated 2d inst., says: "Mr. Clairborne Rice had his Tobacco Barn set on fire about two weeks ago, burning up his crop supposed to be about 30,000 lbs. He suspected Mr. Riley, a near neighbor, and on Friday last he took his gun and went to Mr. Riley's in search of him. He saw Mr. Riley in his lot, in company with a negro man, repairing a wagon bed. He kept the stable between him and Riley until he got into the stable, when he fired, putting 13 buck shot in Riley's head and neck, killing him instantly. He then went to Trenton and gave himself up. The trial came off on yesterday, but I have not heard the result of it."

POST NOTICE.—NOTICE is hereby given that in future, all hunters upon our lands will be prosecuted for trespass. We are compelled to put our lands in order to protect our property, and we hope none will violate this notice and make it necessary for us to enforce the law against them.

DAVID MYERS, BALDWIN SMITH, THO. LILLARD, GEORGE COOK, BENJ. MULLINS. Boyle co., Nov. 21, '51.

Post Notice of Land.—OWING to repeated injuries sustained, I am compelled to give notice, that if the law will be rigidly enforced against all trespassers on my grounds, hunting with guns, dogs, or otherwise, I hope this notice will be sufficient, as I should dislike to prosecute any for trespass, but shall certainly do so if this request is violated.

SUSAN FIELDS. Boyle co., Nov. 21, '51.

Police Post Notice.—FUGITIVES, Tax Collectors—That I hereby give five years of fair warning, that in future I shall enforce the law of trespass against all who may be so unkind of this regard as to hunt on my grounds in any way whatever. Pure necessity compels this notice, and it is hoped it will be respected.

DANL. YIMSER. Boyle co., Nov. 21, '51.

AT THE COURT-HOUSE. Grand Jury, Instrumental & Traps, Horgan CONCERT, in Bloomer Costume, By the Misses HILL, assisted by their Brother, Master J. HILL, the celebrated Violinist.

THE Misses Hill will respectfully announce to the citizens of this place and vicinity, and the Ladies in particular, that they will give an entertainment at the Court-House in Danville.

On Saturday Evening, Nov. 23, 1851. All their Concerts have been visited by Youth, Beauty, and Fashion, who have listened to their choice entertainments with wonder and admiration, all agreeing that their Concerts were Original, Amazing and Select.

For particulars, see bills of the day. Admittance, 25 Cents—Children half-price. Doors open at 6 o'clock; concert to commence at 8. Treat seats reserved for the ladies.

Thanksgiving Day. 1st. Fresh Cranberries; 2nd. Fresh Citrus; 3rd. Fresh Currants; 4th. Fresh Macaroni; 5th. Sugar cured Beef Tongues; 6th. Extra fine Raisins; 7th. extra fine Apples; 8th. extra fine Peaches; 9th. extra fine Ham; 10th. extra fine Bacon Ham.

Received this day and for sale at our usual low prices for cash. JONA. NICHOLS & CO. Boyle co., Nov. 21, '51.

500 Saw Logs. To the owners of Portable Circular Saw Mills.

WE are desirous of contracting for the sawing of about 500 Saw Logs, on our Farm, in Boyle county. Those owning Portable Circular Saw Mills will find it to their interest to give us an early call, as we are desirous of making a contract immediately. Apply to the undersigned, in Danville.

R. & E. P. RUSSELL. Boyle co., Nov. 21, '51.

Best Butter! Butter! Butter! Cash for EGGS and Butter.

THE subscriber is giving the HIGHEST market prices, in Cash, for Eggs and Butter. All who have such articles to sell will find it decidedly to their interest to give us a call at our establishment, opposite the Tribune Printing Office.

T. J. SHINDLEBOWER. Boyle co., Nov. 21, '51.

NEW MILLINERY!

MRS. WENDEN RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies of Danville and the surrounding towns, and the public generally, that she has received the finest, largest and handsomest assortment of GOODS in her line ever before brought to this place, consisting of every thing in the

WOMEN'S LINE. Her assortment of BONNETS, of every kind and style, and all of the latest fashion, are exquisitely rich and fine, and will well repay a visit from the Ladies to see, even if they do not wish to purchase, and every thing else is of the best and handsomest. She solicits a call from all.

THE TRIBUNE.

CONDENSED HISTORY OF STEAM.—About 280 B. C. Hero, of Alexandria, formed a toy which exhibited some of the powers of steam and was moved by its power.

A. D. 540, Anthemius, an architect, arranged several cauldrons of water, each covered with the wide bottom of a leather tube, which rose to a narrow top, with pipes extending to the rafters of the adjoining building. A fire was kindled beneath the cauldrons, and the house was shaken by the force of steam ascending the tubes. This is the first notice of the power of steam recorded.

In 1543, June 17, Blascoe DeGarry tried a steamboat of 200 tons with success at Barcelona, Spain. It consisted of a cauldron of boiling water and a movable wheel on each side of the ship. It was said to be impracticable. A present how it was made to carry.

In 1680 the first railroad was constructed at New Castle on Tyne.

The first idea of a steam engine in England was in the Marquis of Worcester's "History of Invention," A. D. 1663.

In 1710 Newcomen made the first steam engine in England.

In 1713 patents were granted to Savary for the first application of the steam engine.

In 1764 James Watt made the first perfect steam engine in England.

In 1756 Jonathan Hulls first set forth the idea of steam navigation.

In 1776 Thomas Paine first proposed the application in America.

In 1781 Marquis Jouffroy constructed a steamboat on the Saone.

In 1785 two Americans published a work on it.

In 1795 William Symington made a voyage in one on the Forth and Clyde Canal.

In 1802 this experiment was repeated.

In 1822 Ramsey propelled a boat by steam at New York.

In 1781 John Fitch, of Connecticut navigated a boat by a steam engine on the Delaware.

In 1798 Robert Fulton first began to apply his attention to steam.

In 1793 Oliver Evans, a native of Philadelphia, constructed a locomotive steam engine to travel on a turnpike road.

The first steam vessel that ever crossed the Atlantic was the "Savannah," in the month of June, 1810, from Charleston to Liverpool.—Pitt's Merchants' Magazine.

RECIPE FOR FARINA.
FARINA is remarkably wholesome and nutritious quality as a food for the invalid, is now an established and almost indispensable requisite in every well provided family. Its delicacy and important uses as a diet for invalids and the sick, as well as for the sustenance of growing children and infants, particularly for the latter at the critical period of weaning, have also secured it a character in the sick room and nursery, equal to its reputation as a food for the robust and hearty.

Indeed, no other substance is so well calculated to establish during infancy the formation of a strong and well developed physical organization.

Chemical analysis, from the most distinguished authorities in New York and elsewhere, prove it to contain those elemental properties necessary to the production of muscle and bone in the system, and for satisfying other demands of the "mysterious principle of life."

Packed in papers containing one pound each—boxes of cooking detailed on wrappers. A large supply of this invaluable and most delicious article, just received and for sale by JONA. NICHOLS & CO., Grocers, Commission & Forwarding Merchants oct 10, '51

NEW-STYLE RIBBON.
ADIES call in and examine my new assortment of Ribbons, as I feel confident that they will please all who are desirous of pretty and fashionable articles. sept 19 WM. M. FIELDS.

Shoes and Boots.
MY stock of Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, Youth's and Children's Boots and Shoes is very large and well assorted, and of the best workmanship and materials, and will be sold very cheap. Examine for yourselves. sept 19 WM. M. FIELDS.

UP LITTED.
A BOY at the "Up Litter" is "Up Litter" One from the country would be preferred. sept 12, '51

PREMIUM HATS.
Bloomer and Bonnet Hats and all sorts of HATS! HAVING taken both the Premium and first prize at the Fair in Lexington on the 9th inst., on FINE SILK HATS, I am prepared to furnish customers with HATS of same, or with any and all styles of Hats—Send to your friends soon. sept 19, '51 GEO. C. BAIN, Main st. Lexington.

Jacks and Jennets for Sale.
THE subscriber offers for sale, Two Fine Young Jacks, of the best stock in the country. Also, Two Fine Breeding Jennets, with their Cobs. Any person wishing to purchase such kind of stock, made of a call, Residence half a mile north of Danville. JAS. E. GILLESPIE. sept 5, '51

CONFECTIONARY AND FRUIT SPOILS.
HAVING made considerable additions to his establishment, the subscriber wishes to inform the public, that he can now supply all orders that may be made for Cakes, Candies, Fruits, &c. &c. at any time, either at wholesale or retail. He is also prepared to furnish Weddings, Parties, Balls, &c. With Premiums, &c. made of French Candies, Cakes, Oranges, Macaroons, Kisses, &c. &c.

On the most reasonable terms and shortest notice, and he respectfully solicits orders for such work, and invites all to call and see specimens of his work, and learn his prices. He pledges himself to give entire satisfaction to all his patrons, as he feels confident that he understands several branches of the Confectionary business that have never been introduced in this community. A large stock of every thing in his line constantly on hand, including every description of French work.

Remember, the Old Confectionary establishment, on Third street, opposite the Tribune Printing Office. J. SHINDLEBOWER. Danville, June 26, '51

Coarse Boots and Shoes!
A large supply just received. Purchasers are invited to call and examine the quality and prices of them—whether they wish to purchase or not. oct 10 JONA. NICHOLS & CO.

5,000 SPOTTED REGALIAS, in store and for sale by J. L. SMITH. oct 24

CITY INSURANCE COMPANY, OF CINCINNATI

JNO. M. SCOTT, Agent, WILL issue Policies of insurance on all kinds of property against Loss by Fire, Water, or otherwise. Office, at the Counting-room of Jno. M. Scott & Co. Danville, Jan 17, '51

NEW YORK MUTUAL Life Insurance Company, No. 65 Wall Street, New York. MORRIS FRANKLIN, Pres. PAULY FREEMAN, Acty. G. RICE, Agent, Danville, Ky. mar 8, '50

BOYLE & ANDERSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, DANVILLE, KY. WILL continue to Practice Law in partnership with Boyle and adjoining counties. Office on Third-street, opposite the Tribune Printing Office. P. T. BOY. J. B. VAUGHAN

FOX & VAUGHAN, Attorneys & Counsellors at Law STANFORD, KY. WILL attend to all business entrusted to them in the Lincoln Circuit and County Courts. (June 6, '51)

J. J. McCORMACK, Attorney at Law, NEW ORLEANS, LA. WILL attend with strict fidelity to all business entrusted to his care. Refer to—BOYLE & ANDERSON, Danville, Ky. ny 29, 1850 6-1

G. W. MICHELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, DANVILLE, KY. OFFICE—Over D. A. Russell's Store.

H. HAMILTON, PAINTER, And Dealer in Paints, Oils, and Window Glass, Main Street, opposite the Bank, DANVILLE, KY. may 20, '51

REMOVAL. NEW GOODS! G. A. ARMSTRONG has removed to the large and commodious store-room formerly occupied by Scott & Co., and known as the "Bowman House," where he has just received a full stock of goods.

To which he respectfully invites the attention of the people round and about. oct 5, 1851

5,000 PRINCIPLES, in store and for sale by J. L. SMITH, Danville. oct 24

Flour—Flour! IN store and for sale, a lot of Fresh Unbolted Flour. JONA. NICHOLS & CO. oct 10

LEMONS. A SMALL lot of fresh Lemons just received by BARBER & GORE. oct 31

JUST RECEIVED! 2500 lbs. Attapapas Sugar; 10 boxes Candles; 2500 " N. Orleans " 5 " Tobacco; 500 " Crushed " 15 " Cigars; 1000 " Rio Coffee; 3 " Starbush; 500 " Laundry Soap; 6 " Soda Soap; 28 kegs Nails, &c.; 3 mats Cinnamon; 3 " Madder; 1000 doz Sp. Co. in; 2 " Alum; 1000 doz Sp. Co. in; 2 " Spice; Candle Wick; 4 " Copperas; Batting; 2 " Indigo; Painted Tubes; 3 " Pepper; " Buckets.

Together with a large assortment of Hardware, Queensware and Cutlery, which will be sold Very Low for Cash, or in exchange for Country Produce, at the MAMMOTH GROCERY. sept 12, '51

Fish—Fish! A fresh supply of good Nos. 1 and 3 Mackerel, just received at the FAMILY GROCERY. oct 5

Fruit Bottles. WE have just received an assortment of Fruit Bottles. JONA. NICHOLS & CO. oct 25

SUGAR. GOOD Brown Sugar just received and for sale at the New Confectionary, opposite the Tribune Office. may 23 T. J. SHINDLEBOWER.

Bacon. A SMALL lot of superior Bacon Sides for sale by CALDWELL & SHACKLEFORD. oct 10

GREEN and BLACK TEAS, of the best quality, on hand and for sale by D. A. RUSSEL. may 30

25,000 Shingles. I HAVE on hand about 25,000 excellent Poplar and Chestnut Shingles for sale. JAS. M. NICHOLS. april 22

Eight year old Wh. Key, FOR Medical Purposes, for sale by JOHN HAYT (aug)

CUBA. JONA. NICHOLS & CO. have this day received 85 Boxes superior CUBA CIGARS—best brand, which are offered very low for Cash, by the box or dozen. sept 5

Very Desirable Tavern Property for Sale. THE undersigned wishes to sell at private sale, that most excellent and desirable property, situated in Perryville, Boyle county, Ky., and occupied by him for many years past, and well known as Fulkerson's Tavern Stand. The property is situated immediately at the junction of the Danville and Perryville roads, within the limits of Perryville. It contains all the necessary buildings and arrangements for a Public House—has several fine Lots for stock, Cattle, fine Stables, and out-houses of all kinds, &c. It is well watered, being situated immediately on Chaplin creek. There is between four and five acres of ground attached to the property—and well suited for Stock Lots or lots of any kind desired.

The subscriber being unable, owing to his health, to properly attend to his business, he will sell the same on reasonable terms and credit. He will give possession at any time within one month after sale. He invites all who wish to purchase property of the character of this well-known Tavern House, to call and examine for themselves. A. FULKERSON, Sr. Perryville, June 13, '51

Just Received, A LARGE lot of Glass and China, among which are some handsome sets. J. M. NICHOLS. may 16

Hemp Seed. 30 BUSHELS Hemp Seed for sale by april 8 G. A. ARMSTRONG.

LEXINGTON.

CHINA, Glass and Queensware. I WOULD call the attention of my old customers, friends, and the public generally, to my stock of CHINA, GLASS, QUEENWARE, LAMPS, GRINDSTONES, Waiters, Table Cutlery, Cut Glass, Bohemian Glass, Tencatoin, And other Fancy Ware. REFLECTING CASTORS, FORKS, and SPOONS, together with almost every article usually kept in an establishment of the kind, which I pledge myself to sell at the lowest prices for Cash, or to punctual dealers on the usual time. J. CALL AND SEE C. F. LILLY. Lexington, oct 17, '51

JUST RECEIVED! THE subscribers are in receipt of a large and splendid stock of Fall Goods, consisting in part of CARPETS, Embracing every variety, from the Richest Velvet to the commonest article. WALL PAPER Of all kinds, and at all prices from 8 cents to \$2.50 per piece. This stock is entirely new, embracing the most modern and richest patterns. G. E. CLAYTON

Of all widths, cut to suit the purchaser. CURTAIN MATERIALS. Satin de Laines, Worsted de Laines, Damasks of all colors; Embroidered Lace and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Arms, Loops, Gimps, &c. House Furnishing Goods.

Of nearly every description, all of which we respectfully invite the citizens of Danville and Boyle and the counties adjoining to call and examine before purchasing, as we pledge ourselves to sell as low as the same description of goods can be purchased anywhere West of the Mountains. THOMPSON & VAN DALSEM. No. 6, Higgins' Block, oct 3, '51

REMOVAL! FURNITURE, CHAIRS &c. PATTERSON & WOODRUFF

INFORM their customers and the public that they have removed to the new and commodious store-room formerly occupied by JAS. MARCH, on Short Street, between the two Banks, where they now have perhaps the largest stock of Fashionable Rosewood, Mahogany, Walnut and Cherry FURNITURE. That can be found in any house in the West. Their stock is of their own manufacture, and is warranted to be equal to any manufactured east or west. Having none but the very best workmen in our employ, we are determined to make the best articles at the lowest possible prices, and will not be undersold by any one in the same quality of goods.

We also keep on hand and manufacture to order, Spring, Hair, Moss and Shuck MATRESSES; VENETIAN BLINDS; And everything else in the Furniture line. Our stock is now very large and complete, and persons furnishing their houses with such articles would do well to give us a call. PATTERSON & WOODRUFF. IF we are prepared with a very fine NEW HEARSE, to attend funeral calls in the city or country, at any hour of the day or night. Lexington, June 20, '51

NEW CARPETS KENNARD & CO. are now opening their Fall Stock of Goods, embracing 24 pieces Royal Velvet Tapestry; 24 " do Brussels Tapestry; 15 " Super Imperial 3-ply; 20 " Superfine 1-grain; 20 " Fine 6 " Damask Venetian 4-4, 7-8, and 3-4; 6 " Twilled do 6 " Venetian 5-8, 3-4, and 4-4; 6 Sheets Oil-Cloth, which we will cut to any sized room, if early application is made. A large lot of Axminster, Chenille, Tuft and Velvet Rugs; Druggists, 6-4, 10-4, 12-4, and 16-4 wide; 7 ROSEWOOD PEANOS; From the best makers in N. York city. 50 pairs super Lace and Muslin Embroidered Curtains. Super and extra super Damask, with Cornish and Arms to match. 8-4, 9-4, and 10-4 Table Damask; 11-4, 12-4 Irish and Barnsley Sheetings; Damask Napkins; Fine Cash Linens; Huccoback Diapers. ALSO, Girondoles, 1-3, and 5 Lights; Cornelius Lamps.

With Goods suitable for HOUSE FURNISHING. PAPER HANGINGS. Embracing 250 patterns, varying from 8 1/2 cts. to \$2.50 per piece, with Velvet, Gold, and Common Borders to match. Our Goods being purchased entirely from the first hands, our customers may expect to get them at the lowest possible rates.—CALL AND SEE. KENNARD & CO. Lexington, Ky., aug 29, '51

Iron and Hardware Store, (Sign of the Big Store,) MAIN STREET, LEXINGTON, KY. THE subscriber keeps constantly on hand a large and extensive stock of Hardware of all kinds, Cutlery, Looking-Glass Plates, Carpenter's and Cabinet-Maker's Tools, Italian Marble for Cabinet Work; Tin Ware and Stoves; Improved and Cast-Iron Pumps; Scales of every description; Springs and Spring Wire; Hair Cloth, &c. &c. His stock is complete and ample in all the above branches, and he is determined to sell at cheap as any house in the West. Liberal inducements offered to wholesale purchasers. THOMAS BRADLEY. Lexington, June 13, 1851

BLOOMER HAT! A FEW MORE LEFT OF THOSE BEAUTIFUL BLOOMER SILK HATS, pronounced the most beautiful style of hat ever introduced to the public. GEO. C. BAIN. Lexington, aug 1, '51

NOTICE. THE Quarterly Terms of the Court of the Judge of Boyle county will be held on the first Monday in the months of March, June, September and December. All persons having business with the Judge will always find him at the Office of J. F. BELT. SPEEDS, FRY, P. J. B. C. C. Danville, aug 15, '51

NOTICE. M'CALLISTER'S Concentrated Extract of Jamaica Ginger, for sale by M. R. WATTS. mar 7

Cigars and Tobacco.

Danville Manufactory. THE subscriber has just opened in Danville, in the Store Room on Main-street, next door to Caldwell & Shackelford's Store, the largest, finest and best stock of SPANISH and COMMON CIGARS

Ever before seen in this place. His Spanish Cigars embrace every description of fine Cigars, such as Regalias, Cazadores, Principes, Half Spanish, &c., and having a very large assortment, and still manufacturing, he is prepared to fill any sized order that may be desired. He will sell the Cheating Tobacco at 10, 100, 1000, or any smaller quantity, as cheap as they can be purchased in Louisville or any other western city, and will warrant them to be as good, as genuine, and as fine as any made or sold in the west. The Cheating Tobacco also embraces every description, which he is selling by the box or at retail. He respectfully solicits wholesale orders.

Persons buying to sell again, in this or any of the surrounding counties, are invited to call and examine his stock and learn his prices before making future purchases. JNO. L. SMITH. Danville, aug 22, '51

DANVILLE Cigar Manufactory. The Old Establishment. HAVING resumed my old business, I have opened, in the house formerly occupied by J. B. Aikin, Esq., as a Law Office, and two doors above the Central House, on Main-street, the Old Wholesaler and Retail Danville Cigar Manufactory.

And have now, and intend to keep constantly on hand a general assortment of every description of Spanish and Common Cigars, all of which I will sell, as formerly, at wholesale and retail, as cheap as they can be had at any house in this city. Having been engaged in this business for let those many years, and my reputation as a Cigar Manufactory being well known and wide-spread, I consider it unnecessary to say any thing in regard to the quality of my Cigars, further than to warrant them to be made out of the best Spanish and Common Tobacco. I respectfully solicit the patronage of my old customers and friends in this and the adjoining counties, and I take this opportunity to thank for their former patronage, and to assure them that in the future I intend to "stick to the last."

I intend also to keep on hand the best quality of Virginia, Missouri and Kentucky Cheating Tobacco. GEO. F. CORNELIUS. sept 12, '51

CIGARS—CIGARS! THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has removed his Cigar Manufactory to the frame house on Main-street, between the two Banks, and opposite the "Batterton House." He has now on hand, and is still manufacturing every description of Spanish, Half-Spanish and Common Cigars, Made of Superior Tobacco, and warranted as represented. I will sell my Cigars either at wholesale or retail, on as good terms as the market will permit. Give me a trial. First-rate Cheating Tobacco always on hand. L. D. CORNELIUS. July 4, 1851

Cigars—Cigars! JUST received, a large supply of the best Spanish Cigars, embracing Venus Regalias, Trabucos, Calidad Regalias, Lanomas, Cazadores, Principes, &c. &c. I am still manufacturing superior Spanish, Kentucky Spanish, Half Spanish, and Common Cigars, which I will sell on favorable terms, either at wholesale or retail. Cheating Tobacco of every description kept constantly on hand. JOHN HAYT. mar 28

Barouche for Sale. FOR sale, a first rate Barouche, in excellent order, for one or two horses, with double set of Harness. It will be sold on very easy terms, if early application is made to V. H. SMITH, at the Danville Hotel, or to THOS. R. J. AYRES. may 2, '51

Wrought Nails and Brads. JUST received and for sale by JOHN HAYT. (aug)

GOLDEN Syrup, Sugar-House and Plantation Molasses, for sale by D. A. RUSSEL. may 30

Glass—Glass. WINDOW GLASS, of all sizes, on hand and for sale at reduced prices. Those calling and seeing before you buy elsewhere, will find it to be well worth the trouble of calling to buy, will do well to give me a call. H. HAMILTON. Danville, aug 22, '51

Fresh Groceries! CRUSHED, Powdered, Loaf and Brown Sugar; Old Rio Coffee; Teas, Green and Black, of the very best; Spun Cotton; Cane and Winter Cigars and Tobacco; Stew and Summer Pressed Tallow Candles; Condensed Milk; Cider Vinegar, a good article; Mackerel, &c. &c. These articles are all fresh and just received, and will be sold very cheap for cash. B. BOLING. aug 8, '51

NOTICE. THE undersigned, having closed his business in Danville, requests an immediate settlement of all accounts. The collection is entrusted in the hands of GEO. YEISER, Sr., who will receive for all money received. July 4, '51 F. YEISER & CO.

2 DOZ. Painted Buckets and 2 dozen Painted Tubes, for sale at BOLLING'S. aug 22

LACOUTRE RAZORS. ALL who want to enjoy a rich luxury in the use of the best Razor they have ever seen, would do well to call at the subscriber's store, Main street, and supply themselves with a Lacoutre or Chinese Razor. Talk one on JOHN WILSON.

Cigars and Tobacco! SUPERIOR Spanish Cigars and best quality of Cheating Tobacco, for sale at MORRIS. JOHN WILSON.

Fancy Articles. FINE Pens, Pearl Beads, Hair Pins, Rings, Breast Pins, Perfumery, and a thousand little articles not necessary to mention—comprising almost every thing that may be called or used. JNO. HAYT. oct 10

WOOL. 15,500 LBS. WOOL wanted at the MAMMOTH GROCERY. april 22

Clover Seed JUST received and for sale by D. A. RUSSEL. oct 10

CORN and Grass Scythes, and Cradling Scythes, ready for use. Also, best Scythe Stones and Rifles, for sale by JAS. W. GRIFFIN. Somerset, dec 20, 1850

Seed—Seed. 50 Bushels Blue Grass Seed; 25 doz Timothy do; 25 doz Red Top do; 25 doz Mammoth do. In store and for sale at the MAMMOTH GROCERY. sept 12

Splendid and Cheap Light.

THE subscriber, sole agent for Gas, and Lamps adapted to the burning of it, has the pleasure of offering for sale to the citizens of Danville and all who take pleasure in having abundant and very superior Light, GAS, equal to that of coal in flame and brilliancy, and yet perfectly safe in using. It only needs attention to be given to this light, to give it a preference over everything else in the form of light. All who use it, of whom there are about a dozen in Danville, look upon it as greatly surpassing the best oil or candles. Constantly kept by mar 14 JOHN WILSON.

D. A. RUSSEL, Agent, HAS for sale, Dr. Champion's Vegetable Bile Fever and Ague, or Anti-Bilious Pills. Also—Dr. Champion's Vegetable Anti-Bilious Pills. A pamphlet, containing directions, and full certificates, will be given to the public on application. Danville, Jan 31, '51

TAILORING! THE undersigned would respectfully announce to his old friends and customers, that he has again returned to Danville, and is now prepared to work. His shop is over D. A. Russell's Store. Call and see him and start him to business. JAS. P. BALDRICK. april 18, '51

ORIO DRIED PEACHES AND APPLES! 50 BU. Dried Peaches and Apples, in store and for sale at the MAMMOTH GROCERY. june 6

FOR SALE! HAVING determined to move South, I offer for sale at 50 cents, the following valuable property, to-wit: MY FARM, Lying 1 1/2 miles from Danville, on the Hustonville Turnpike road, containing 102 Acres. This Farm is well timbered, under good fencing, and the improvements are comfortable. It is of first-rate quality, and may be purchased on easy terms. I also offer my STORE-ROOM, on Main street, now occupied by John Wilson. Also, that beautiful BUILDING LOT, containing 1/4 acre, fronting on Pine street, and adjoining Wm. Duncan's residence. It is now certain that the Railroad will be made to this place, and a speculation may be made by purchasing this property. I will sell the usual time, or exchange for likely young Negroes at fair prices. Persons having any inclination to purchase, are desired to call on me, and I will show the property and make known the terms. A. ALDRIDGE. Danville, June 27, '51

Shoes! Shoes! Shoes! JUST received a good lot of Ladies' and Children's Shoes, selling as low as the lowest for Cash, and cheap on credit. may 16 J. M. NICHOLS.

CANDLES, Starch, and Soap, for sale by D. A. RUSSEL. JUST received a lot of Tar from London in 4 and 6 gal. kegs, and for sale by D. A. RUSSEL. feb 28

Dried Peaches A SUPERIOR article of Dried Peaches in store and for sale by CALDWELL & SHACKLEFORD. feb 28

HOTELS. BATTERTON HOUSE, DANVILLE, KY. HAVING sometimes since entirely completed this large and extensive establishment, and furnished it with the best and most approved style, with new and fashionable Furniture, &c., the subscriber wishes to inform the travelling public that he is now prepared to accommodate all who may call upon him. He deems it unnecessary to say anything in recommendation of his manner of keeping a public house, being satisfied to leave to the public the establishment, he hereafter patronize him. There is attached to the House, a first-rate STABLE, which is provided with Hacks, Buggies and Riding Horses. Of the best, for the accommodation of all who may wish to use them for pleasure or otherwise. THE STAGES. For Louisville, Lexington, and Crab Orchard, arrive at and depart daily from his house. W. W. BATTERTON. may 30, 1850 42-1

DANVILLE HOUSE, DANVILLE, KY. THE subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally, that he is now in the possession of the above House, and is having it refitted throughout. Being aware of the disadvantages arising from the fact of changes taking place so often in the establishment, he here leaves to say to all, that he is permanently located for a term of years, and will spare neither trouble or expense to make all comfortable who may patronize him. The House is in a pleasant part of the town, corner of Main and 4th streets, where the best market affords all always in readiness. He hopes by unremitting attention to the wants of all who may favor him with a call, to merit and receive a liberal share of patronage. Good Riding Horses, Buggies and Hacks always ready. Persons can obtain pleasant conveyance to any part of the State on reasonable terms. V. H. SMITH. Danville, Oct 26, '49

STANFORD HOUSE, On the corner of the Public Square East of the Court-House, STANFORD, KY. THE subscriber respectfully returns his acknowledgments to his friends and the public for the patronage heretofore extended to him since he has been in the occupancy of the above and well known Tavern stand, and wishes to inform all both residents and travelling, that he has taken the house for another year, and he is determined to spare neither trouble or expense to render satisfaction to all who may patronize him. His Table, Bar and Stairs shall at all times be well provided with the best the markets will afford, and be well and faithfully attended to. A CARSON. Stanford, mar 7

GRIFFIN HOUSE, SOMERSET, KY. THE undersigned, proprietor of the above house, which is situated immediately on Main street, near the Court House, (sign of the Queen) is prepared to accommodate all those who may feel disposed to patronize him. His house is one of the largest tavern stands in the State, and he invites everybody wishing to stop in this place to give him a call. He will give his personal attention to the house, and feels assured that he will be able to give general satisfaction in every respect. From his long experience in business, he deems it unnecessary to make further pledges. Residing by the week, month or year can be obtained, with or without lodging. Charges moderate. JAS. W. GRIFFIN. Somerset, dec 20, 1850

8 lbs. of Coffee for \$1 At the MAMMOTH GROCERY. ly 11

New Saddle and Harness Making ESTABLISHMENT.

At the old stand of Batterton & Wilson, Main street, a few doors above the Central House. W. H. LINNEY

BEGGS leave to inform his old friends and customers, and the public generally, that he has opened a Saddle and Harness Establishment at the above old and well known stand, and would respectfully request his patrons of former days, and the friends of the late firm of Linney & Barber, to give him a call. He deems it unnecessary to say anything in regard to the quality of his work, believing that his reputation for turning out good work is too well known to need a word upon that score. He will keep constantly on hand a good and complete assortment of SADDLES, HARNESS, TRINKS, BRIDLES. And everything else in his line, which he will sell as cheap as the cheapest. Do not forget the stand—a few doors above the Central House.

N. B. REPAIRING of all kinds promptly attended to. Danville, Ma 24, 1850 4-1

Grand Action PIANOS. THE subscriber is importing from Germany, Grand Action Pianos, made expressly for this climate, with an additional scale of keys over six octaves. These Pianos possess such superior machinery, they arrive here by way of New Orleans, after four months shipment, over 7,000 miles, in most excellent order and tune. They are warranted to be of the very best quality, in sound, tone, workmanship, keeping in order. &c., and will be sold at New York prices. WM. STRIBY. Danville, Jan 3, '51

IF These PIANOS are constantly kept for sale at Mr. G. W. HEWES'S Furniture Warehouse in Danville. For prices and terms of sale, call on Mr. W. MICHELL, Cashier of the Danville Bank, Agent.

SELLING OFF AT COST. Now is the time to Buy your BOOTS AND SHOES! HAVING determined to close out my present stock, with the view of laying in an Entire New Assortment, I am now selling my entire assortment of Boots and Shoes. And Hats and Caps, AT COST, FOR CASH. So graduated that some will be at 10 per cent. Below Cost! while others will be required to bring 10 per cent. above cost. N. B. Those of my regular customers who are desirous of any business that can be completed twice a year, will be accommodated on about the same terms. In all other cases where goods are not paid for when taken away, they will be charged at from one-half to two-thirds the usual profit. F. P. WHITCHER. Danville, may 9, 1851

For Sale or Rent. I WISH to sell or rent the DANVILLE FOUNDRY. The building is located in a good part of the town for business, with an abundance of water on the premises, and is large enough for any business that can be carried on in the place. It is 40 feet by 80 feet, one story high, and has also a good Stable attached and wheel-house, and a new and superior Inclined Wheel. For a better shop and location cannot be found, nor a better opening in Kentucky for such a business. Those who are desirous of purchasing the building also presents superior advantages for a Steam Mill. To sell, a bargain can be had, or it will be Rented on fair terms. P. D. YEISER. Danville, mar 14, '51

RUSSEL & BARKER, TAILORS. RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Danville and Boyle county generally, that they have associated themselves together for the purpose of catering for the public in the way of cutting and making up all descriptions of clothing, in the latest and most fashionable style. They are both practical workmen, and believe that they can give universal satisfaction. They solicit a fair share of the patronage of the community and vicinity. Their Shop is in the old building occupied by J. DORRAN, next door to Barber & Gore's Confectionary, and opposite the "Central House." mar 28, '51